

# D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES (REGD.)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

B-14, Shubhlaxmi, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, 8<sup>th</sup> Road, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400 055.

91-22-2610 2890 (3 lines)

info@cadgta.net

www.cadgta.net

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Members of Manika Automotive Private Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of **M/s. Manika Automotive Private Limited** ("the Company") which comprise of the Balance Sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 and the Statement of Profit and Loss Account for the year then ended and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant Accounting Policies and other Explanatory Information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Principles generally accepted in India:

- In the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022; and
- ii. In the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss Account, of the Loss for the year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

## Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance and Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our Auditors' Report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a Material Misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position and financial performance of the Company in accordance with the Accounting Principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate Accounting Policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from Material Misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a Going Concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to Going Concern and using the Going Concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from Material Misstatement(s), whether due to fraud or error and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a Material Misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- i. Identify and assess the risks of Material Misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a Material Misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of Accounting Policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the Financial Statement made by the Management.
- iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the Going Concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a Going Concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditors' Report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained upto the date of our Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a Going Concern.
- v. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

- i. planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and
- to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Financial ii. Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Financial Statements for the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our Auditors' Report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, as the order is not applicable to the company we have not furnished statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to a. the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit:
  - in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Profit and Loss Account dealt with C. by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d. in our opinion, aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act;

- e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- f. The Company is not required to get an audit opinion with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls vide notification no. GSR 583 (E) dated June 13, 2017; and
- g. with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 on its financial position in its Financial Statements,
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses,
  - iii. The Company was not required to transfer any amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. Hence, there is no requirement of any comment with regard to the delay; if any in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company,
  - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including Foreign Entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
    - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including Foreign Entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;



- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any Material Misstatement.
- v. The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

PLACE: MUMBAI

FOR D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES
FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO. 115170W
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Meh

DATE: MAY 13, 2022

UDIN: 22048345AMJXUF1707

(CA. NILAM D. SALVI)

PARTNER

MEMBERSHIP NO. 048345

## **BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022.**

	Notes	As at	As at
		31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021
		Rs.	Rs.
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHAREHOLDER'S FUND			
Share Capital	2	600.00	100.00
Reserves and Surplus	3	(83.86)	(69.51
		516.14	30.49
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other Current Liabilities	4	10.00	20.00
		10.00	20.00
TOTAL		526.14	50.49
ASSETS	II Y		
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	518.67	46.62
Short-Term Loans and Advances	6	7.47	3.87
		526.14	50.49
TOTAL		526.14	50.49
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	1		

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE FOR D. G.THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO.: 115170W

NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(CA. NILAM D. SALVI) PARTNER

MEMBERSHIP NO. 048345

MUMBAI, DATED: MAY 13, 2022 UDIN: 22048345AMJXUF1707 FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

NUTOA

MUNJAL N. KAPADIA

DIRECTOR DIN: 00876921 MIHIR N. KAPADIA
DIRECTOR

DIN: 00877316

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022.

			Rs. Thousands	
	Notes	For the year ended		
		31 March, 2022	31 March, 2021	
		Rs.	Rs.	
INCOME	200	-	-	
TOTAL INCOME				
EXPENSES				
Other Expenses	7	14.35	39.41	
TOTAL EXPENSES		14.35	39.41	
EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION (EBITDA)		(14.35)	(39.41)	
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		(14.35)	(39.41)	
Tax expense:				
Income Tax for current year		-	:*:	
PROFIT AFTER TAX	0 = 0	(14.35)	(39.41)	
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES NOTES FORMING PART OF ACCOUNTS	1			

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE FOR D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO.: 115170W

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(CA. NILAM D. SALVI)

PARTNER MEMBERSHIP NO. 048345

MUMBAI, DATED: MAY 13, 2022 UDIN: 22048345AMJXUF1707

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

AUTO

1811814= MUNJAL N. KAPADIA DIRECTOR

DIN: 00876921

MIHIR N. KAPADIA DIRECTOR

DIN: 00877316

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### Corporate information

Manika Automotive Private Limited (the 'Company'), incorporated on January 16, 2020, CIN No. U74994MH2020PTC336157 has been registered under Section 7(2) of the Companies Act, 2013).

The Company has been incorporated with the primary objective of engaging in the business of manufacturing and marketing in India and abroad all types of Helmets, gadgets, and accessories, spare parts and component for Two Wheelers and automobiles made of Plastic, Fibre glass, PVC and such other material. It was also engaged in the business as manufacturers, importers and exporters of and dealers moulds, equipment's, apparatus, devices, machines and engage in the business of moulding and engineering.

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year except to the extent the changes have been effected in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 as disclosed separately.

#### b. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

#### c. Recognition of Income and Expenditure

Revenue/Income and Cost/Expenditure are generally accounted on accrual as they are earned or incurred, except in case of significant uncertainties.

#### d. Goods and Service Tax

Goods and Service Tax is accounted on the basis of both; payments made in respect of goods cleared / services provided as also provision made for goods lying in Godowns.

#### e. Tangible Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets are recorded at cost of acquisition or construction, net of GST wherever eligible.

#### f. Depreciation and Amortizations

No Depreciation charged in current year as company has not undertaken manufacturing operation during the year.



#### g. Intangible Assets

The balance sheet of the company does not contain any intangible assets as on March 31, 2022.

#### h. Investments

Investments are stated at cost.

#### i. Inventories

The company did not have any manufacturing activities carried out during the year and hence there is no inventory held throughout the year.

#### j. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### k. Employee benefits

The company does not have any employee eligible for short term or long term benefits.

#### Taxes on Income

Current Tax provision is not made as there is no taxable profit for the year.

#### m. Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. At each Balance Sheet date, the carrying value of provisions is reviewed and adjusted to reflect the best current estimate.

A contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying the economic benefit is remote.

#### n. Previous Year Figures

Previous year's figures have been regrouped /reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification/groupings.





### Notes to Accounts forming part of Financial Statements

#### 2. Share Capital

		Rs. Thousands
	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021
	Rs	Rs
Authorised		
1,00,000 Equity shares of Rs.10/- each with voting rights	1,000.00	1,000.00
Issued , Subscribed and paid up capital		
50,000 ( Previous year 10,000 ) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid .	600.00	100.00
	600.00	100.00

# 2.1 Reconciliation of the number of shares held at the beginning & at the end of the year

Equity Shares	As at 31 March, 2022		As at 31 March, 2021		
		No. of Shares	Rs	No. of Shares	Rs
At the beginning of the year	52633500	10,000	100.00	10,000	100.00
Add: Issued during the year:	Bonus			*	
	Fresh Issue	50,000	500.00	*	*
Outstanding at the end of the	year	60,000	600.00	10,000	100.00

## 2.2 Shareholding of Promoters at the beginning and at the end of the year

	Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year			% Change during the year
S.No.	Promoter Name	No. of shares	% of total shares	
1	Munjal Nikunj Kapadia			
	Mihir Nikunj Kapadia			
3	Pratik Nikunj Kapadia		-	NIL
Total		+ -		

## 2.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the company

	As at 31 Mar	ch, 2022	As at 31 March, 2	2021
Equity Shares of Rs.10 /- each	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Manika Plastech Private Limited formerly known as Manika Moulds Private Limited)	60,000	100	10,000	100

### 2.4 Terms, Rights attached to equity shares

The company has issued one class of shares (i.e. Equity Shares) which enjoy similar rights in respect of voting, payments of dividend and repayment of capital.





### 3. Reserves & Surplus

Rs. Thousands Particulars As at 31 March, 2022 As at 31 March, 2021 Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss As per last Balance Sheet (69.51) (30.10)Add: Loss for the year Amount available for appropriation (14.35)(39.41)(83.86)(69.51) Less : Appropriations Transfer to General Reserve Closing Balance (83.86) (69.51) (83.86)(69.51)

#### 4. Other Current Liabilities

Particulars		Rs. Thousands	
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	As at 31 March, 2021	
	Rs	Rs	
Other payables	10.00	20.00	
	10.00	20.00	

## 5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2022	Rs. Thousands As at 31 March, 2021
	Rs	Rs
a) Cash on hand b) Balances with banks	-	
(i) In current accounts (ii) In deposit accounts	518.67	46.62
	518.67	46.62

#### 6. Short Term Loans and Advances

Particulars	An at 24 March 2000	Rs. Thousands
, articolars	As at 31 March, 2022 Rs	As at 31 March, 2021 Rs
Balances with government authorities GST credit receivable	7.47	3.87
	7.47	3.87





## 7. Other Expenses

Rs. Thousands

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March, 2022	For the Year ended 31 March, 2021
	Rs	Rs
Legal and Professional Fees	0.40	21.50
Auditors Remuneration	10.00	10.00
Bank Charges	0.65	0.65
Profession Tax	2.50	2.50
Return Filing Fees	0.80	4.76
	14.35	39.41

### 7.1 Auditors Remuneration

Rs. Thousands

Particulars	For the Year ended 31 March, 2022	For the Year ended 31 March, 2021
	Rs	Rs
Statutory Audit Fees	10.00	10.00
	10.00	10.00

## **Additional information to Financial Statements**

## i. Related Party Transactions

## 1. Details of Related Parties

Description of relationship	Names of related parties
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Mr. Munjal N. Kapadia,
	Mr. Mihir N. Kapadia,
	Mr. Pratik Kapadia
Relatives of KMP	NIL





## ii. Financial Ratios

Current Ratio   Current assets			The state of the s				
non Equity    Current Assets =   Current Liabilities     (a) Current Investments	Particulars	Numarator	Denominator	March 31, 2022		Variance	Explanation for variance >25%
(a) Current investments		Current Assets =	Current Liabilities =				the state of the state of
Comparison   (b) Inventories   (c) Other current liabilities   (c) Trade receivables   (c) Other current liabilities   (d) Cash and cash equivalents   (d) Short-term provisions   (e) Short-term loans and advances   (f) Other current assets   (f) Reserves and Surplus   (f) Other current fiabilities		(a) Current investments	(a) Short-term borrowings				additional equity snare capital subscription by Parent company &
C) Trade receivables   C  Other current liabilities     C) Cash and cash equivalents   C  Other current assets   C  Other current advances   C  Other current advances   C  Other current assets   C  Other current assets   C  Other current assets   C  Other current advances   C  Other current assets   C  Other current advances   C  Other current advances   C  Other current assets   C  Other current advances   C  Ot	Current Ratio	(b) Inventories	(b) Trade payables	52.61	2.52		proceeds from share capital subscription
(d) Cash and cash equivalents   (d) Short-term provisions		(c) Trade receivables	(c) Other current liabilities				is shown under Cash & Cash equivalents
(e) Short-term loans and advances         Average Shareholder's equity:         (0.05)         (0.79)         >25%           n on Equity         Profit After Tax         (a) share capital + (b) Reserves and Surplus         (0.05)         (0.79)         >25%           n on Capital on Capital Horofit Before Tax+         (a) Total Assets - (b) Current liabilities         -3%         -129%         >25%		(d) Cash and cash equivalents	(d) Shart-term provisions				refer note 2.1
non Equity         Part = Profit After Tax         Average Shareholder's equity:		(e) Short-term loans and advances	S				
n on Equity         PAT = Profit After Tax         Average Shareholder's equity;- (0.05)         (0.05)         >25%           n on Capital on Capital exists         (a) Profit Before Tax+         (a) Total Assets - (b) Interest+         -3%         -129%         >25%		(f) Other current assets					
Profit After Tax   (a) Share capital + (0.05)   >25%	Return on County		Average Shareholder's equity:-				additional equity share capital
n on Capital (a) Profit Before Tax+ (b) Total Assets3% -129% >25% (b) Interest+ (b) Current liabilities	Ratio	_	(a) share capital +	(0.05)			
EBIT =         Capital employed =         -3%         -129%         >25%           (a) Profit Before Tax+         (a) Total Assets -         -3%         -129%         >25%           (b) Interest+         (b) Current liabilities         (c) Current liabilities         -129%         >25%	nano		(b) Reserves and Surplus				
(a) Profit Before Tax+ (a) Total Assets3% -129% >25% (b) Interest+ (b) Current liabilities			Capital employed =				additional equity chara ranital
(b) Interest+ (b) Current liabilities	Return on Capital employed Ratio		(a) Total Assets -	-3%			subscription by Parent company
		(b) Interest+	(b) Current liabilities				refer note 2.1





## iii. Other statutory Information

- The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets) during the year.
- ii. There are no Benami properties held by the company and as such there are neither any proceedings have been initiated nor pending against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- iii. The company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof or any other lender, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- The Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- v. The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- vi. The company has fully complied with the number of layers for its holding in downstream companies prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- vii. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- viii. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- ix. The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- x. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.



