

D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES (REGD.)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

B-14, Shubhlaxmi, 2nd Floor, 8th Road, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400 055.

@ 91-22-2610 2890 (3 lines)

info@cadgta.net

www.cadgta.net

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Manika Plastech Private Limited (formerly known as Manika Moulds Private Limited)

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements of M/s. Manika Plastech Private Limited (formerly known as M/s. Manika Moulds Private Limited) ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") which comprise of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss Account and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Accounting Principles generally accepted in India:

- In the case of the Consolidated Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March, 2023;
- ii. In the case of the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss Account, of the Profit for the year ended on that date; and
- iii. In the case of the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial



Page 1 of 10

Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance and Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements, Standalone Financial Statements and our Auditors' Report thereon.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Boards of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, the respective Boards of Directors of the Companies included in Group is responsible for assessing each Company's ability to continue as a Going Concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters



related to Going Concern and using the Going Concern basis of accounting unless respective Boards of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Boards of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing each Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from Material Misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with \$As will always detect a Material Misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with \$As, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- i. Identify and assess the risks of Material Misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its Subsidiary Companies, has adequate Internal Financial Controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statement made by the Management.
- iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the Going Concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a Going Concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained upto the date of our



Auditors' Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a Going Concern.

- y. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- vi. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in para (a) of the section titled 'Other Matters' in this audit report.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Consolidated Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in

- planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work;
 and
- ii. to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the Consolidated Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our Auditors' Report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse



consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the 'Annexure A' a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the report of the other auditor;
 - c. the Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss Account and Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements;
 - in our opinion, aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2023, taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the Statutory Auditors of its Subsidiary Company, none of the directors of the Group companies is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
 - f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in 'Annexure B' which is based on the Auditor's Report of the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Company; and
 - g. with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Consolidated Financial Statement disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March, 2023 on the consolidated financial position of the Group,



- ii. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses,
- iii. The Group was not required to transfer any amount to the Investor Education and Protection Fund. Hence, there is no requirement of any comment with regard to the delay; if any in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group,
- iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Company and its Subsidiary Company have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or Subsidiary Company to or in any other person or entity, including Foreign Entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly of indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or Subsidiary Company Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The respective Management of the Company and its Subsidiary Company have represented to us that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or Subsidiary Company from any person or entity, including Foreign Entity ("Funding Parties"), understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or Subsidiary Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any Material Misstatement.
- The Group has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

PLACE: MUMBAI

FOR D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES. FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO. 115170W

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DATE: JUNE 13, 2023

PARTNER

RAR & A

MUMBAI

UDIN: 23048345BGUSVU7842

MEMBERSHIP NO. 048345

(CA. NILAM D. SALVI)



D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES (REGD.) CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

B-14, Shubhlaxmi, 2nd Floor, 8th Road, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400 055.

@ 91-22-2610 2890 (3 lines)

info@cadgta.net

www.cadgta.net

ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 1 OF OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE UNDER SECTION 'REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS' TO THE MEMBERS OF MANIKA PLASTECH PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED \$1ST MARCH, 2023)

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, following companies incorporated in India and included in the Consolidated Financial Statements, have certain remarks included in their reports under the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO), which have been reproduced as per the requirements of the guidance note on CARO:

Şr. No.	Name of the Entities	CIN	Holding Company/ Subsidiary	Clause Number of the CARO Report*
1.	Manika Plastech Private Limited	U74999DN1996PTC000469	Holding Company	Clause (ii) (b)

*This clause pertains to difference observed in Books and Quarterly Statements submitted to the bank by the Company which were not impacted on borrowings power of the Company.

PLACE: MUMBAI

FOR D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES.
FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO. 115170W

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

DATE: JUNE 13, 2023

UDIN: 23048345BGUSVU7842

MUMBAI

(CA. NILAM D. SALVI)

PARTNER

MEMBERSHIP NO. 048345

Page 7 of 10



D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES (REGD.)

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

B-14, Shubhlaxmi, 2nd Floor, 8th Road, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400 055.

@ 91-22-2610 2890 (3 lines)

info@cadgta.net

www.cadgta.net

ANNEXURE 'B' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 2(f) OF OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE UNDER SECTION 'REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS' TO THE MEMBERS OF MANIKA PLASTECH PRIVATE LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED) ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2023)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

In conjunction with our Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31st March, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Manika Plastech Private Limited (formerly known as Manika Moulds Private Limited) (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its Subsidiary Company, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Company's Boards of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to Consolidate Financial Statements based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and its Subsidiary Company, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether

MUMBAI

Page 8 of 10

Branches : Pune · Nagpur · Vadodara · Surat · Adelaide

adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company and its Subsidiary Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its Subsidiary Company, have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2023, based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

PLACE: MUMBAI

FOR D. G. THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES. FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO. 115170W

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Milely

DATE: JUNE 13, 2023

UDIN: 23048345BGUSVU7842

MUMBAL

(CA. NILAM D. SALVI)

PARTNER

MEMBERSHIP NO. 048345

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2023

Particulars	- Internet		Rs. Laki
- dictodiais	Notes	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Share Capital	2	4 000 00	
Reserves and Surplus	3	1,900.00	1,900.00
	3	8,685.95 10,585.95	7,735.40
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES		10,000.90	9,635.40
Long-Term Borrowings	8		
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	4	363.55	414.65
Other Long-Term Liabilities		351.70	294.91
and a series of the series of	5	-	1.83
CURRENT LIABILITIES		715.25	711.39
Short-Term Borrowings		F 404 #0	
Trade Payables	6 7	5,104.50	5,879.20
Other Current Liabilities	8	3,220.39	2,394.14
Short-Term Provisions	9	1,057.95	748.70
	"	5.18 9,388.02	31.33 9,053.37
TOTAL		20,689.22	19,400.16
ASSETS		20,000.22	15,400.16
ION CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	10		
Capital Work-In-Progress	11	8,419.32	7,864.87
	1.1	763.75	320.94
Non-Current Investments	12	9,183.07	8,185.81
Other Non-Current Assets	13	0.00	0.00
	15	229.18 229.18	201.51
URRENT ASSETS		223.10	201.51
Inventories	14	4,247.87	4 204 45
Trade Receivables	15	5,197.32	4,201.15 5,902.08
Cash and Cash Equivalents	16	43.63	58.53
Short-Term Loans and Advances	17	1,784.96	846.97
Other Current Assets	18	3.19	4.11
		11,276.97	11,012.84
OTAL		20,689,22	19,400.16
GNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	1	MO,OOO.LL	13,400.16

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE FOR D.G THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO.: 115170W CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ARAR &

MUMBAI

Mel

CA NILAM SALVI (PARTNER)

MEMBERSHIP NO.: 048345 MUMBAI, DATE: 13TH JUNE 2023 UDIN:23048345BGUSVU7842 FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

LA PLAS

MUNJAL N. KAPADIA (MANAGING DIRECTOR)

DIN: 00876921

NILESH N. DALVI

(CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER)

MIHIR N. KAPADIA

(EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR) DIN: 00877316

SHALINI JOSHI

(COMPANY SECRETARY)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023.

D -	Lakhs
H-C	Lakbe
110.	-anna

Particulars	Notes	31 March, 2023	31 March, 2022
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	19	49,398.87	44 604 60
Less: Taxes	1.0	9,708.57	41,604.68
Revenue from Operations (Net)		39,690.30	8,255.69 33,348.9 9
Other Income	20	227.42	59.65
TOTAL INCOME		39,917.72	33,408.64
EXPENSES		00,011.112	33,400.04
Cost of Materials Consumed	21	24,453.90	21,741.40
Purchases of Traded Goods		4,143.66	2,151.88
Changes In Inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-In-Trade		188.84	(40.38
Employee Benefits Expenses	22	2,321.70	2,113.96
Other Expenses	23	5,198.75	4,234.07
TOTAL EXPENSES		36,306.85	30,200.93
EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST, TAX, DEPRECIATION AMORTISATION AND EXTRA ORDINARY ITEMS			
	_	3,610.87	3,207.71
.ess : Finance Costs		d00/000e=====	
Depreciation and Amortisation	24	722.44	667.28
	10	1,131.70	999.97
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		1,756.73	1,540.46
ax expense: Income Tax for the year		5- Extended - 200	
Add : Current Tax Relating to Prior Years		464.39	420.12
Net Current Tax Expense	-	-	(1.89)
Deferred Tax	<u> </u>	464.39	418.23
	-	56.80	39.69
ROFIT AFTER TAX	_	521.19	457.92
		1,235.54	1,082.54
IGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	1 1		

AS PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE FOR D.G THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO.: 115170W CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

S RAR

MUMBAL

RED ACCOUN

Wheh

CA. NILAM SALVI (PARTNER)

MEMBERSHIP NO.: 048345 MUMBAI, DATE: 13TH JUNE 2023 UDIN:23048345BGUSVU7842 FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

DATIMI

MUNJAL N. KAPADIA (MANAGING DIRECTOR)

DIN: 00876921

NILESH N. DALVI

(CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER)

MIHIR N. KAPADIA

(EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR)

DIN: 00877316

SHALINI JOSHI

(COMPANY SECRETARY)

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

-		
Da I	 chs	
rs.		

Particulars	As at 31st Ma	arch, 2023	As at 31st Marc	Rs. Lakh h, 2022
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Net Profit / (Loss) before extraordinary items and tax				
Adjustments for:		1,756.73		1,540.4
Depreciation & Amortisation	W CONTROL			
(Profit) / Loss on Sale of Assets (net)	1,131.70		999.97	
Finance Costs	8.66		18.42	
Liabilities / Provisions no longer required written back	722.44		667.28	
Bad trade and other receivables written off	(38.50)		(4.47)	
Net Unrealised Exchange (Gain) / Loss	16.56		14.53	
The division Excitating (Carry) 2005	(38.15)	1000000000	(5.10)	
Operating Profit Before Working Capital changes	_	1,802.71		1,690.6
Changes in Working Capital:		3,559.44		3,231.0
Adjustments for (Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets:				
Inventories	(46.74)			
Trade Receivables	(46.71) 740.77		(150.81)	
Short-Term Loans and Advances	500000000		47.39	
Other non current assets	(1,145.64)		203.72	
Other Current Assets	(27.67)		(86.94)	
	0.93		0.00	
Adjustments for Increase / (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:				
Trade Payables	856.54			
Other Long-Term Liabilities	(1.83)		245.67	
Other Current Liabilities	309.26		(18.28)	
Short-Term Provisions	(26.15)		(348.78)	
	(20.10)	659.50	(4.40)	(440.40)
Cash Generated from Operations				(112.43)
let Income Tax (Paid) / Refunds		4,218.94		3,118.66
let Cash Flow from / (used in) Operating Activities (A)		(256.75)		(298.89)
(A)		3,962.19	1000	2,819.77
I. Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Capital Expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment	(2,152.97)		(1,956.72)	
Proceeds from Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	15.34		9.11	
Investment in Subsidiary	0.00		- 1	
et Cash Flow from / (used in) Investing Activities (B)		(2,137.63)	1/44	(1,947.61)
. Cash Flow from Financing Activities				,
Proceeds from Long-Term Borrowings	2100			
(Repayment) of Long-Term Borrowings	24.11		435.00	
(Repayment of) Proceeds from other Short-Term Borrowings	(75.21)		(31.00)	
Shares Buyback proceedings	(780.92)		663.39	
nterim Dividend Paid(refer Note 3)	(285.00)		(1,271.31)	
Finance Cost	(722.44)			
et Cash Flow from / (used in) Financing Activities (C)	(122.44)	(1,839.46)	(667.28)	(871.21)
et Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Fruit-Indian				(071.21)
et Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)		(14.90)		0.96
ash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		58.53		57 57
ash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year		43.63	The same	57.57 58.53
PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE				00.03

PER OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE FOR D.G THAKARAR & ASSOCIATES FIRM'S REGISTRATION NO.: 115170W

LARAR &

MUMBAI

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

CA . NILAM SALVI (PARTNER)

RED ACCOUN MEMBERSHIP NO.: 048345 MUMBAI, DATE:13TH JUNE 2023 UDIN:23048345BGUSVU7842

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

A PLASTECH PRI

MUNJAL N. KAPADIA (MANAGING DIRECTOR)

DIN: 00876921

NILESH N. DALVI (CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PALINIT MIHIR N. KAPADIA (EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR) DIN: 00877316

mos lupudin.

SHALINI JOSHI

(COMPANY SECRETARY)

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended March 31, 2023

Corporate information

Manika Plastech Private Limited (the 'Company') has been registered under Section 12 of the Companies Act, 1956 (now governed as per Section 7(2) of the Companies Act, 2013) vide CIN No: U74999DN1996PTC000469.

The Company has been incorporated with the primary objective of manufacturing of plastic moulding products with its plants and presence spread across all over India.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year except to the extent the changes have been effected in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 as disclosed separately.

b. Use of Estimates

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year except to the extent the changes have been effected in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 as disclosed separately.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

i. Sale of Goods

Sale of Goods is recognised on transfer of ownership; which is generally on dispatch of goods and when the significant risks and rewards of the goods is passed on to the buyer. Gross Sales are inclusive of Goods and Service Tax but are net of trade discounts and sales returns.

ii. Interest

Revenue is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate(s) applicable thereof.

iii. Accrual system of Accounting

MUMBAI

DACCOUNT

Revenue/Income and Cost/Expenditure are accounted on accrual as they are earned or incurred, except in case of significant uncertainties NARAR &

Consolidated Financials

5

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

d. Lease Accounting

Lease arrangements where the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset substantially vest with the lessor are recognised as operating leases. Lease rent under operating leases are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account on accrual basis.

e. Goods and Service Tax

Goods and Service Tax is accounted on the basis of both; payments made in respect of goods cleared / services provided as also provision made for goods lying in Godowns.

f. Depreciation and Amortizations

i. Depreciation on tangible assets is provided on the Straight Line Method over the useful lives of assets estimated by the Management. Depreciation for assets purchased / sold during the period is proportionately charged. Individual assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are depreciated in full, in the year of purchase.

The Management estimates the useful lives for the Property, Plant and equipment's as follows:

Name of Assets	Useful Lives (In Years)
Leasehold Land	95
Buildings	30 - 40
Plant and Machinery	11-15
Office Equipments	5
Dies and Moulds	5
Computers	1-6
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Vehicles	8-10

- ii. For these classes of assets, based on internal assessment, the Management believes that the useful lives as given above, best represent the period over which it expects to use these assets. Hence, the useful lives of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation and amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically; including at each financial year end.
- iii. Depreciation on assets sold or discarded during the year is provided on pro-rata basis up to the date on which such assets are sold or discarded.
- iv. The management of the Company is of the view that, these depreciation rates fairly represents the useful life of the assets.
- v. Cost of leasehold land is amortised over the period of lease.

g. Amortization of expenses

Miscellaneous Expenditure to the extent not written off (if any) is amortized on Straight Line Basis over appropriate years from the financial year in which the expansion project or the project is completed.

Consolidated Financials

Wilesh Ton

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

h. Property, Plant and Equipment

- Property plant and equipment are recorded at cost of acquisition or construction, net of Cenvat credit/Goods and service tax wherever eligible.
- ii. Property plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment includes interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying property, plant and equipment up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use and other incidental expenses incurred up to that date.
- iii. Machinery spares which can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment whose use is expected to be irregular are capitalised and depreciated over the useful life of the principal item of the relevant asset. Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment are capitalised only if such expenditure results in an increase in the future benefits from such asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.
- iv. In case of new projects and in case of substantial expansion in existing units of the Company, all pre-operative expenditure specifically for the project, incurred up to the date of completion is capitalized and added pro-rata to the cost of property, plant and equipment.

i. Capital work-in-progress

Projects under which assets are not ready for their intended use and other capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising of direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

j. Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date if there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the Profit & Loss Account. If on the balance sheet date, there is an indication that if a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount.

k. Investment Accounting

Investments are stated at cost.

I. Inventory Accounting

- i. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and the net realisable value.
- ii. Cost of inventories comprises of raw materials, appropriate direct production overheads and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.
- iii. Cost formula used is 'Weighted Average Cost'.

m. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risks of changes in value.

Consolidated Financials

Salin.

7

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

n. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit / (loss) before extraordinary items and tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

o. Employee Benefits

i. Short Term Employee Benefits:

A. Short Term Benefits:

Short term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the profit and Loss Account of the year in which related services are rendered. All employees' benefits payable within 12 months of rendering the services are recognized in the period in which the employee renders the services.

Leave liabilities:
 Leave liabilities on account of leave encashment are accounted for on payment basis.

C. Defined Contribution Plan: Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans such as Provident Fund etc; are charged to Profit and Loss Account as incurred.

ii. Long Term Employee Benefits:

Long Term Employee Benefits are recognized and honoured as and when the same become due.

p. Foreign Currency Transactions & Translations

i. Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency by applying to the foreign currency amount, the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

ii. Conversion and Translation

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing rate. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost determined in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate as at the date of the transaction.

iii. Treatment of Exchange Differences

Exchange Differences arising on settlement of monetary items at rates different from those at which they were initially recorded during the year, or reported in previous financial statements, are recognized as income or expenses in the year in which they arise.



Saliw.

PLASTECY TO BY

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

q. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs relating to (i) funds borrowed for acquisition / construction of qualifying assets are capitalized by calculation of interest up to the date the Assets are put to use, (ii) funds utilised from the generally borrowed funds (other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining qualifying assets) to acquire qualifying Assets are capitalised at the average rate applicable to the company in respect of borrowings during the period and (iii) funds borrowed for other purposes are charged to Profit and Loss Account.

r. Taxes

i. Income Tax

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

ii. Minimum Alternate Tax

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

iii. Deferred Tax

Deferred Tax Liability is recognized on the timing differences between Accounting income and the Taxable income for the period taking into consideration the contents of Accounting Standard quantified using the tax rates in force or substantively enacted as on the Balance Sheet date.

s. Provisions and Contingencies

A provision is recognized when there is present obligation as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and in respect of which reliable estimate can be made. At each Balance Sheet date, the carrying value of provisions is reviewed and adjusted to reflect the best current estimates.

A contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying the economic benefit is remote.

Presentation of certain prior-year disclosures has been realigned in line with the current year's disclosures.

Segment Reporting

The company primarily operates in single Business Segment i.e. manufacturing of various kinds/types of Plastic Moulded Products.

u. Previous Year Figures

Previous year's figures have been regrouped /reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's

classification/ groupings.

Consolidated Financials

Notes to Accounts forming part of Financial Statements

2 Share Capital

Particulars		Rs. Lakhs
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Authorised Share Capital Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each with voting rights		
the state of the s	2,000.00	2,000.00
ssued, Subscribed and Paid Up Share Capital 1,90,00,000 (Previous year 1,90,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid.		
	1,900.00	1,900.00
	1,900.00	1,900.00

2.1 Reconciliation of shares held at the beginning & at the end of the year

Equity Shares	As at 31 March, 2023		As at 31st Marci	Rs. Lakhs
At the best of the	No. of Shares	Rs. Lakhs	No. of Shares	Rs. Lakhs
At the beginning of the year	1,90,00,000	1,900	2,00,00,000	2,000
Additions during the year Deletion during the year	-	-	-	2,000
Outstanding at the end of the year	•	•	10,00,000	100
outstanding at the end of the year	1,90,00,000	1,900	1,90,00,000	1,900

2.2 Shareholding of Promoters at the beginning & at the end of the year

			Shareholding at the beginning of the year Shareholding at the end of the year						
	. No Shareholder's Name	No. of Shares	% of total	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares	% change in shareholding during the year	
1	M	r. Munjal Kapadia	38,00,000	20	-	38,00,000			
2	M	r. Mihir Kapadia	38,00,000						•
		r. Pratik Kapadia		20	-	38,00,000	20		
			38,00,000	20		38,00,000	20	745	
4	IVI	r. Nikunj Kapadia	66,97,500	35.25		74,57,500		-	-
			1,80,97,500			1,88,57,500	39.25	-	4

2.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares in the company

Equity Sharon of Do 10/	As at 31 March, 2	As at 31st March, 2022		
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	No. of Shares	% holding	No. of Shares	% holding
Mr. Nikunj Kapadia Mr. Munjal Kapadia Mr. Mihir Kapadia Mr. Pratik Kapadia	74,57,500 38,00,000 38,00,000 38,00,000	39.25 20.00 20.00 20.00	66,97,500.00 38,00,000.00 38,00,000.00 38,00,000.00	35.25 20.00 20.00 20.00

Consolidated Financials

Kalinj.

TO BLIMITY OF LINE

sele.

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

2.4 Terms, Rights attached to equity shares

The company has issued one class of shares (i.e. Equity Shares) which enjoy similar rights in respect of voting, payments of dividend and repayment of capital.

3 Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh As at 31 March, 2022
(a) General reserve		1
As per last Balance Sheet	2,911.19	4,182.51
Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss Account	2,311.13	4,102.51
Less : CRR for Buyback	12	100.00
Less : Buyback of Shares	-	1,171.32
	2,911.19	2,911.19
b) CRR (Buyback Reserve)		
As per last Balance Sheet	100.00	
Add : CRR for Buyback	-	100.00
	100.00	100.00
c) Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss Account		
As per last Balance Sheet	4,724.21	3,641.67
Add: Profit for the Year	1,235.55	1,082.54
Amount available for appropriation	5,959.76	4,724.21
Less : Appropriations	1000	
Interim dividend paid	285.00	-
Closing Balance	5,674.76	4,724.21
#	8,685.95	7,735.40

4 Long Term Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Term Loans	AS at 31 maion, 2023	AS at 31 march, 2022
From Banks / Financial Institution Secured	363.55	414.65
	363.55	414.65

Rs. Lakhs

Notes:				no. Lanio	
(i) Details of terms of repayment for other	r Long term Borrowings and secu	rity provided in respe	ect of secured other long t	erm Borrowings	
Particulars	Terms of repayment and security		As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022	
	Terms	Security	Secured	Secured	
BMW India Financial Services Pvt. Ltd CN0019433	Repayable in 36 monthly installments, commencing from August, 2021. Rate of interest 7.50 % p.a.	Hypothecation of Motor Car	7.34	28.32	
DBS Term Loan	Repayable in 36 monthly installments, commencing from April, 2022. Rate of interest 8 - 10.35% p.a.	First pari-passu charge on Current & Fixed Assets of the Company	356.21	386.33	
- Contract of the Contract of			363.55	414.65	
PAR					

Consolidated Financials

Balini Joshi

NION STECK OF TOWN

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

2.4 Terms, Rights attached to equity shares

The company has issued one class of shares (i.e. Equity Shares) which enjoy similar rights in respect of voting, payments of dividend and repayment of capital.

3 Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh As at 31 March, 2022
a) General reserve		
As per last Balance Sheet	210 MARK 10 - 200	
Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss Account	2,911.19	4,182.51
Less : CRR for Buyback	- 1	-
Less : Buyback of Shares	2 H 3	100.00
	(¥)	1,171.32
	2,911.19	2,911.19
b) CRR (Buyback Reserve)		2,011,10
As per last Balance Sheet		
Add : CRR for Buyback	100.00	
Add . CRR for Buyback	-	100.00
	100.00	
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss Account	100.00	100.00
As per last Balance Sheet	4,725.04	
Add: Profit for the Year		3,642.36
Amount available for appropriation	1,235.68	1,082.68
Less : Appropriations	5,960.72	4,725.04
Interim dividend paid		
Closing Balance	285.00	-
A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH	5,675.72	4,725.04
	8,686.91	7,736.24

4 Long Term Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh
Term Loans	7.50 00 1 1961019 2020	As at 31 March, 2022
From Banks / Financial Institution		
Secured	363.55	414.65
	363.55	414.65

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Kalini Joshi



(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

2.4 Terms, Rights attached to equity shares

The company has issued one class of shares (i.e. Equity Shares) which enjoy similar rights in respect of voting, payments of dividend and repayment of capital.

3 Reserves and Surplus

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh As at 31 March, 2022
(a) General reserve		
As per last Balance Sheet	12000	
Add: Transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss Account	2,911.19	4,182.51
Less : CRR for Buyback		
Less : Buyback of Shares	-	100.00
Anticonduction of the second constant of the	-	1,171.32
	2,911.19	2,911.19
b) CRR (Buyback Reserve)		
As per last Balance Sheet		
Add : CRR for Buyback	100.00	
24,040	-	100.00
c) Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss Account	100.00	100.00
As per last Balance Sheet		
Add: Profit for the Year	4,725.04	3,642.36
	1,235.68	1,082.68
Amount available for appropriation Less: Appropriations	5,960.72	4,725.04
	-,	4,7 20.04
Interim dividend paid	285.00	
Closing Balance	5,675.72	4,725.04
	0.222.21	
	8,686.91	7,736.24

4 Long Term Borrowings

Particulars		Rs. Lakh
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
From Banks / Financial Institution Secured	363.55	414.65
	363.55	414.65

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Kalini Joshi

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

(ii) Details of long-term borrowings guara	inteed by Mr. Munjal Kapadia	a, Mr. Mihir Kapadia and Mr. Pratik Kapadia	Rs. Lakhs
Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023		As at 31 March, 2022 Rs.
	Rs.		
Term/Corporate Loans from Banks		Personal Guarantee of Mr. Munjal Kapadia,	
DBS Term Loan	356.21	Mr. Mihir Kapadia and Mr. Pratik Kapadia	386.33

5 Other Long Term Liabilities

Particulars		Rs. Lakhs
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Others Payables on Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		1.83
	•	1.83

6 Short Term Borrowings

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakhs	
		The act of marting about	
(a) From Banks / Financial Institution			
Secured			
Working Capital Facilities	4,728.73	E 655 00	
/b) O	4,720.70	5,655.92	
(b) Current maturities of long-term debt	375.78	223.28	
II.	5,104.51	5,879.20	

(i) Details of Securities for the secured S	Short-Term Borrowings:		Rs. Lakh
Particulars Working Capital Facilities from Banks (including foreign currency loan of Rs.4,444.03 lakhs (previous year-Rs. 3,032.28 lakhs)	Nature of security Working Capital Facilities from banks are secured by 1st pari passu charge on entire current assets of the company and further secured by first pari passu charge on total Fixed Assets of the company.	As at 31 March, 2023 4,728.73	As at 31 March, 2022 5,655.92
		4,728.73	5,655.92
(iii) Current maturities of long-term debt	e Guaranteed by Mr. Munjal Kapadia, Mr. Mihir Kapadi	ia and Mr. Pratik Kapadia.	
Particulars		As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
(a) Term Loans From banks / Financial Institution Secured		375.78	223.28
		375.78	223.28



Salini.



10.16.1C.

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

7 Trade Payables

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakhs As at 31 March, 2022
Trade payables: Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprise Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprise and small enterprise	617.98 2,602.41	131.40 2,262.74
	3,220.39	2,394.14

7.1 Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2023

Rs. Lakh

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				Rs. Lakhs
Le	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	619.35	-	-	-	619.35
(ii) Others	2,537.17	0.36	3.60	55.60	2,596.73
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME (iv) Disputed dues-Others			(1.37)		(1.37)
(IV) Disputed dues-Others	×-	5.20	0.42	0.06	5.68
				Total	3,220.39

7.2 Trade Payables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2022

Re Lakhe

Particulars	Outstanding fo	r following perio	ods from due da	ate of payment	NS. Lakiis
ratticulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	131.41	0.02		_	463.33
(ii) Others	2,056.52	2.28	0.30	2.68	131.43
(iii) Disputed dues-MSME		(0.03)	5.55	2.00	2,061.78
(iv) Disputed dues-Others		1.86	(2.08)	201.18	(0.03)
	VARAR &			Total	2,394.14

Consolidated Financials

Salivi Joshi

NI OK PANA

Des C.

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

8 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars		Rs. Lakh
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
(a) Interest due but not paid (b) Interest accrued but not due (c) Other payables	10.86 1.55	6.93 1.02
(i) Statutory Remittances (ii) Payables on Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment (iii) Trade / Security Deposits received (iv) Advances from Customers (v) Other Payables	422.20 280.72 1.05 57.02 284.55	328.36 138.72 1.55 20.43 251.69
	1,057.95	748.70

9 Short Term Provisions

Particulars		Rs. Lakhs
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Provision for employee benefits (i) Provision for Bonus (ii) Provision for Staff Welfare Expenses	5.18	28.12 3.21
	5.18	31.33

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Joshi Willerh Tom

10 Property, Plant and Equipment

Equipments			Gross Diock				Accumulated depreciation and impairment	preciation and	- immainment	*		KS. Lakhs
Standard	Balance as at 01.04.2022 (A)	Additions (B)	Disposals (C)	Other adjustment s	Balance Balance as at as at 31.03.2023 01.04.2022 (A+B-C-D)=(F)	Balance as at 01.04.2022 (F)	-	Eliminated on disposal of assets	Other Adjustme	Balance as on 31.03.2023 (F+G-	Balance as at 31.03.2023	Balar as 1.03.20
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Re	(5)		-	(L)=(I+H	(E-2)-(N)	(_)
I one							Na.	KS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Land Freehold Leasehold	150.55 165.68	298,37	1 1	1 1	448.92	8,39	1.93	E (1030	448.92	150.55
(b) Buildings	2,714.68	153.07		ı	2,867.75	593.02	84.50	19		20.01	90.00	157.28
(c) Plant and Equipment	5,499.25	311.94	(91.28)	(29.73)	5,690.18	2,952.82	313.41	(70 34)		20.770	2,190.23	2,121.66
(d) Furniture and Fixtures	220.40	67.43	(0.08)		277.75	107.11	17.05	(0.08)		20.08	2,494.29	2,546.43
(e) Vehicles	333.20	15.41	(9.30)	10	339.32	130.22	28 33	(02.0)		00.45	153.69	113.29
(f) Office equipment	77.78	10.18	(0.23)	(0.83)	00 98	20		(0):0)	0)	149.82	189.50	202.98
(g) Moulds	4,299.84	585.83	,		00000	0. 10	9,88	(0.20)	,	61.49	25.41	25.97
(h) Factory Conjuments			0.		4,665.07	2,805.70	526.10	1	00.00	3,331.80	1,553.87	1,494.14
accord Equipments	1,016.69	123.03	(1.60)	(0.10)	1,138.02	307.03	91.60	(0.55)	t	398.09	739.93	709.65
(I) Electrical Installation	649.83	69.66	(2.45)	(2.90)	744.17	346.84	45.87	(1.26)	1	391,45	352 72	302 00
(j) Computer	142.19	53.79	(0:30)	(0.03)	195.65	102.27	13.03	(0.07)	· ·	115.23	80.42	39.92
Total	15,270.09	1,743.74	(105.24)	(33.59)	16 875 04	7 405 24	400.00					
CWIP	320.94	1,250.83		(808.03)	763.75	17.00%,1	1,131.70	(81.23)	0.00	8,455.67	8,419.32	7,864.88
Previous year	13,715.40	1,829.86	(275.17)	(0.00)	+	6 652 90	20000	10 40 47	1		763.75	320.94
					┙	0,000,00	222.87	(247.65)	000	7 405 24	7 00 4 07	1 000 4







10 (B) Depreciation and Amortisation

Particulars		Rs. Lakhs
rarticulars	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Depreciation for the year on Property, Plant & Equipment Amortisation on Leasehold Land	1,129.77 1.93	998.27 1.70
	1,131.70	999.97

11 Capital Work in Progress (CWIP)

11.1 Capital work in progress ageing schedule as at March 31, 2023

		Amount in CWIF	for a period of	S.	Rs. Lakhs
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than years	3 Tota
Projects in progress	606.88	155.62	1.25		763.75

11.2 Capital work in progress ageing schedule as at March 31, 2022

	A	mount in CWIP	for a period of		
CWIP	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	295.58	21.43	3.93	-	320.94

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Kaliwi.



(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

12 Non-current Investments

	Rs. Lakhs
As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
0.00	0.00
0.00	0.00

13 Other Non-Current Assets

Particulars	As at 24 March 2000	Rs. Lakhs
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Security Deposits Unsecured, considered good	229.18	201.51
	229.18	201.51

14 Inventories

Particulars		Rs. Lakhs
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
(At lower of cost and net realisable value)		
(a) Raw Materials	1,970.62	2,387.72
(b) Goods-in-transit	922.41	285.19
(c) Finished Goods (other than those acquired for trading)	1,181.14	1,375.98
(d) Stock-in-trade (acquired for trading)	32.23	26.23
(e) Consumables, Stores and Spares	141.47	126.03
	4,247.87	4,201.15
		1,2011



Balin's

QUASTECHO DALLAT

more.

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

15 Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh
Trade Receivables		As at 51 march, 202
(a) Undisputed :		
Trade Receivables-considered good		*1
(b) Disputed:	4,860.01	5,560.76
Trade Receivables-considered good		
Working (1997)	337.31	341.32
	5,197.32	5,902.08

15.1 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2023

D	Outstanding for	following periods	from due date	of navment		Rs. Lakh
Particulars	less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables- considered good	4,827.88	27.44	4.56	0.13		4.000.00
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables- considered doubtful	-		-			4,860.01
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-		18.92	318.39	207.04
iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered doubtful			-	-	-	337.31
					Total	5,197.32

15.2 Trade Receivables ageing schedule as at March 31, 2022

Death. I	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Rs. Lakh
Particulars	less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade Receivables- considered good	5,530.25	25.61	4.90	2		E 500 70
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables- considered doubtful	-	-	-			5,560.76
iii) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	19.50	19.94	301.88	341.32
iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered doubtful	-	-	-		-	341.32
					Total	5,902.08



Salini Joshi

Wileth To M.

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

16 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh As at 31 March, 2022
Cash on hand Cash on hand	28.42	52.21
(ii) In deposit accounts	5.03 10.18	5.34 0.98
	43.63	58.53

17 Short Term Loans and Advances

Particulars		Rs. Lakh
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 202
(a) Loans and advances to employees Unsecured, considered good		
(b) Security deposits Unsecured, considered good	9.76	4.71
(c) Prepaid expenses Unsecured, considered good	0.50	0.50
(d) Balances with government authorities Unsecured, considered good (i) VAT credit / AGT receivable (ii) GST credit receivable	75.61	115.51
(iii) Advance Tax (Net of provision)	80.40 25.26	48.44
(e) Capital Advances Unsecured, considered good		232.91
f) Others Unsecured, considered good	664.85	201.17
3	917.39	232.54
Details of Advance Tax (Net of provision)	1,784.96	846.97
Particulars		
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
ssessment Year 2021-22		
ssessment Year 2022-23	0.09	0.10
ssessment Year 2023-24	18.85	19.34
AT Credit Entitlement	(49.72)	_
The Control of the Co	56.04	213.47
	25.26	232.91
JOAD .		207

MUMBAI & ASSOCIATES

Kalin's

Wilesh of Toll.

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

18 Other Current Assets

Particulars	Rs. Lakh		
	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022	
Accruals Interest Accrued on Deposits	3.19	4.11	
	3.19	4.11	

19 Revenue from Operations

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh For the year ended 31 March, 2022
(a) Sale of Products and Job Work Income	49,398.87	41,604.68
(b) Goods & Service Tax	9,708.57	8,255.69
	39,690.30	33,348.99
Details:		
i) Sale of Products and Job Work Income comprises: Manufactured goods		
Battery Cases Pails	27,351.35	24,684.54
Grinding	7,949.32	6,327.75
Critically	38.75	34.32
Traded goods	35,339.42	31,046.61
Sale of Traded Goods	4,350.88	2,302.38
	4,350.88	2,302.38
Total - Revenue from Operations (Net)	39,690.30	33,348.99

20 Other Income

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakhs For the year ended 31 March, 2022
(a) Miscellaneous income* (b) Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (c) Net gain on Foreign Currency Transaction and Translation	189.27 - 38.15	5.65 - 54.00
YSGST subsidy grand received from DIC Use IV	227.42	59.65
(SGST subsidy grand received from DIC-Una, Himachal Pradesh, CY Rs152.24 lakhs(PY-NIL)		

MUMBAI & ASBORMANTE

Salini John

TO TO THE TOTAL THE TOTAL

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

21 Cost of Materials Consumed

Particulars Rs. Lakhs For the year ended For the year ended 31 March, 2023 31 March, 2022 Note 21 (a) Cost of materials consumed Raw Materials Consumed: Opening stock Add: Purchases 2.672.91 2.575.25 24,674.03 21,839.06 Less: Closing stock 2,893.04 2,672.91 24,453.90 21,741.40 Material Consumed Comprises: Plastic Granules Master Batch 20,046.04 16,124.68 Packing Materials 763.44 662.59 Others 698.16 625.74 2,946.26 4,328.39 24,453.90 21,741.40 Note 21 (b) Purchase of traded goods Purchase of Traded Goods 4,143.66 2,151.88 Note 21 (c) Changes in inventories of finished goods and stock in trade Inventories at the beginning of the year: Finished Goods Stock-in-trade 1,375.98 1,333.69 26.23 28.14 1,402.21 1,361.83 Inventories at the end of the year: Finished Goods Stock-in-trade 1,181.14 1,375.98 32.23 26.23 1,213.37 1,402.21 Changes in Inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-trade

22 Employee Benefits expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh For the year ended 31 March, 2022
Salaries and Wages Contributions to Provident and Other Funds Staff Welfare Expenses Gratuity paid	2,116.02 68.24 129.38 8.06	1,951.72 60.30 98.07 3.87
	2,321.70	2,113.96





188.84

(40.38)

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

23 Other Expenses

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	Rs. Laki For the year ended 31 March, 2022
Stores & Spares consumed:		
Opening Stock		
Add: Purchase	126.04	113.20
Less: Closing stock	280.05	214.00
(1984))), 4040,003 4 4090,004	141.26	126.04
	264.83	201.28
Subcontracting Charges		201.20
Labour charges	1,408.71	1,120.23
Power and fuel	376.49	331.86
Rent including lease rentals	1,082.89	894.69
Repairs and Maintenance :	180.06	173.12
Buildings	145355554944	170.12
Machinery	11.79	9.33
Other Assets	35.18	30.46
Insurance	47.06	34.98
Rates and taxes	76.40	66.62
Communication expenses	37.26	41.56
Travelling and conveyance	15.84	12.62
Printing and stationery	209.71	140.48
reight and forwarding	24.64	17.11
Sales Discount	878.40	730.82
Business Promotion expenses	64.08	14.28
SR Expenses	149.51	57.25
SAP Support Expenses	22.00	20.00
Director Sitting Fees	18.41	21.85
egal and Professional fees	10.00	10.00
ayments to Auditors (refer note below)	104.09	111.79
ad trade and other receivables written off	1.60	1.60
oss on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	16.56	14.53
liscellaneous Expenses	8.66	18.42
	154.58	159.19
	5,198.75	4,234.07

23.1 Auditors Remuneration

Particulars		Rs. Lakhs
Note:	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Payments to Auditors :		
Statutory Audit Fees		
25	1.60	1.60
	1.60	1.60



Kalin.



(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

24 Finance Costs

Rs. Lakhs

Particulars		KS. Lakn
T al doulais	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	For the year ended 31 March, 2022
(a) Interest expenses on:**	2	
(i) Borrowings	584.45	392.03
(ii) Others	20.65	78.91
(b) Other Borrowing Costs	36.39	36.11
(c) Net (gain) / loss on Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation	80.95	160.23
** Interest succession	722.44	667.28
* Interest expenses are net of interest income.		

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Salini.



25 Additional information to Financial Statements

25.1 Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

We have asked suppliers to provide information relating to whether they are registered as Micro and Small Enterprises under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act 2006, based on their reply and copy of MSME registration certificate, we have categorised as Micro and Small Enterprise.

25.2 Value of imports calculated on CIF basis

25.3 Expenditure in Foreign Currency

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakhs For the year ended 31 March, 2022
Travelling Expenses	7.85	1.27
Seminar & Conference	2.08	1 Control
Business Promotion Expenses		0.5
Interest on Working capital loan in foreign currency	12.66	-
and the control of th	60.64	53.84

25.4 Earnings in Foreign Currency

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakhs For the year ended 31 March, 2022
Export of goods calculated on FOB basis	608.25	763.63

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Balin's



(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

25.5 Details of consumption of imported and indigenous items

Particulars	For the year e 31 March, 20	
Imported:	Rs.	%
Raw Materials Indigenous:	622.21 (3,944.36)	2.54 (18.14)
Raw Materials	23,831.69 (17,797.04)	97.46 (81.86)
Total	24,453.90	
Note: Figures / percentages in brackets relate to the previous yea	(21,741.40)	

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Salini ROLL TOISE

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

25.6 Financial Ratios

Financial Ratio	Numarator	Denominator	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	Variance	e Explanation for variance >25
Current Ratio	Current Assets:- (a) Current investments (b) Inventories (c) Trade receivables (d) Cash and cash equivalents (e) Short-term loans and advances (f) Other current assets	Current Liabilities:- (a) Short-term borrowings (b) Trade payables (c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions	1.20	1.22	-1.25%	
Return on Equity Ratio	PAT:- Profit After Tax	Average Shareholder's equity:-	12.22%	11.13%	10%	
Return on Capital employed Ratio	EBIT:- (a) Profit Before Tax+ (b) Interest+	Capital employed:- (a) Total Assets - (b) Current liabilities	21.94%	21.34%	2.81%	
Net profit Ratio	PAT:-	Net Sales:- Gross Sales - taxes	3.11%	3.25%	-4.10%	
Debt-Equity Ratio	DEBT:- short term debt + long term debt + Other fixed payments	Shareholder's Equity:- (a) share capital + (b) Reserves and Surplus	0.52	0.65	-20.92%	
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings available for debt service:- (a) Profit After Tax+ (b) Interest+ (c) non-other operating exp	<u>Debt Service:-</u> Principal + Interest	4.68	6.50		Due to business growth & improved cash flow from operating activities
nventory turnover Ratio		Average Inventory:- opening inventory+closing Invetory 2	9.40	8.08	16.23%	
200		Average Debtors:- opening debtors + closing debtors 2	7.15	5.62	27.15%	Due to increase in sales & overal financial health
illo	C 6-1 1	Average Creditors:- Opening creditors + closing creditors 2	14.14	14.68	-3.67%	
	Gross Sales - taxes	Average working capital:- ppening working capital+closing working capital	20.63	14.20		Due to increase in sales & overall

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Lalin Mileda Jan Morrie

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

25.7 Other Statutory Information

- i. The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right-of-Use Assets) during the year.
- ii. There are no Benami properties held by the company and as such there are neither any proceedings have been initiated nor pending against the company under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- iii. The Quarterly Returns or Statements filed by the Company for Working Capital Limits with banks are in agreement with the books of account of the company except the differences identified in the amounts of Trade Receivables / Payables. Reasons for Differences were tracked to the periodical adjustments in Balances in the Accounts of those parties being Trade Receivables / Payables causing knocking off outstanding amount. The said difference is due to knocked off of Credit/ Debit Balances in such Accounts at the end of respective Quarters. However, the said difference has no impact on borrowing power of the Company.
- iv. The company is not declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof or any other lender, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- v. The Company did not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- vi. The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.
- vii. The company has fully complied with the number of layers for its holding in downstream companies prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- viii. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- ix. The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(is), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall: (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- x. The Company does not have any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- xi. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.



Josh Wilson Jan Miller Miller

25.8 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Rs. Lakhs

Particulars	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Where the company covered under section 135 of the companies act, the		
following shall be disclosed with regard to CSR activities:-		
(a) amount required to be spent by the company during the year,	21.72	16.10
(b) amount of expenditure incurred,	22.00	20.00
(c) shortfall at the end of the year,	NIL	NIL
(d) total of previous years shortfall,	NIL	NIL
(e) reason for shortfall,	eloric-ero E ≟ ii	
(f) nature of CSR activities,	Education	Education
(g) details of related party transactions, e.g., contribution to a trust controlled		
by the company in relation to CSR expenditure as per relevant Accounting		
Standard,	NA	NA
(h) where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering		,,,,,
into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year		
should be shown separately.	NA	NA

26 Disclosure under Accounting Standards

26.1 Employee Benefit Plans

The Company makes Provident Fund contributions to defined contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under the Scheme, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognised Rs.56.34 lakhs (Previous Year Rs. 48.22 lakhs) for Provident Fund contributions in the statement of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to these plans by the Company are at the rates specified in the rules of the scheme.

26.2 Related Party Transactions

26.2.1 Details of Related Parties

Description of relationship	Names of related parties		
Key Management Personnel (KMP)	Mr. Nikunj M. Kapadia, Mr. Munjal N. Kapadia,		
	Mr. Mihir N. Kapadia and Mr. Pratik N. Kapadia		



(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

26.2.2 Related Party Transactions

Rs. Lakhs

Particular	Subsidiaries	KMP	Relatives of KMP	Entities in which KMP / relatives of KMP have significant influence	Total
Remuneration for receiving of services:					
Mr. Nikunj M. Kapadia	-	184.93			184.93
	-	(149.94)			(149.94)
Mr. Munjal N. Kapadia	-	192.23	_	_	192.23
	-	(192.23)	-	-	(192.23)
Mr. Mihir N. Kapadia	_	76.34	_	_	76.34
	- 1	(190.86)	-	2	(190.86)
Mr. Pratik N. Kapadia	-	188.59	-	-	188.59
	-	(188.59)	-	-	(188.59)
Director Sitting Fees :					
Vir. Nikunj M. Kapadia	-	10.00 (10.00)	-		10.00 (10.00)

26.2.3 Leasing Arrangements

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2023	Rs. Lakh For the year ended 31 March, 2022	
The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for office premises. The leases are cancellable at notice of 3 months and are for a period of 36 months from 16.06.2021. The lease agreements provide for an increase in the lease payments by 5% every 12 months.			
Future minimum lease payments			
not later than one year	172.32	143.01	
later than one year and not later than five years later than five years	477.95	425.74	
later than live years	404.38	6.85	
ease payments recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	180.06	173.12	



Lalin Tooki

(formerly known as MANIKA MOULDS PRIVATE LIMITED)

26.2.4 Deferred Tax Liability / (Assets)

Rs. Lakhs

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2023	As at 31 March, 2022
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability		
On difference between depreciation as per books and Income tax on Property, Plant and Equipment	48.61	38.81
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability	48.61	38.81
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability		
Disallowances under Section 40(a)(i), 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	8.19	(0.88)
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets	8.19	(0.88)
Net deferred tax liability/(asset)	56.80	39.69

[This space has been intentionally left blank]



Josh Tons.